

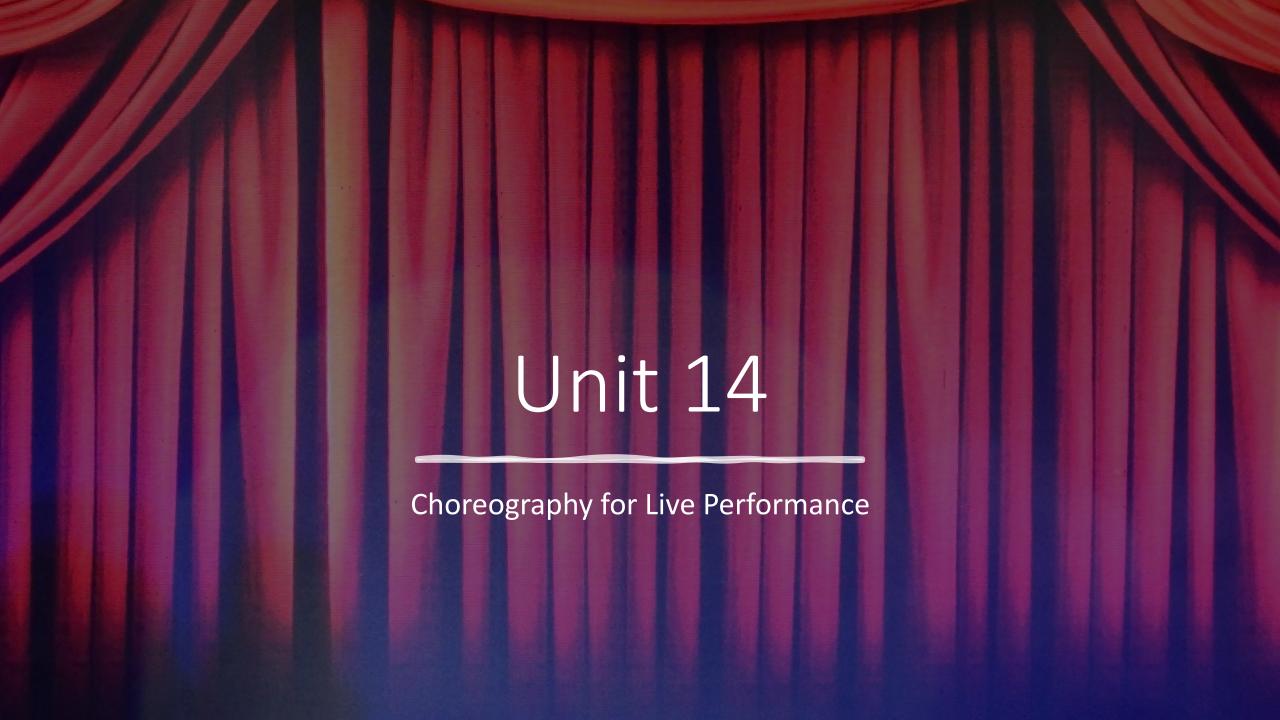
360 GLH (480 TQT) Equivalent in size to one A Level. 5 units, of which 2 are mandatory and 3 are optional. 1 unit is external set and examined

The Extended Certificate is for learners who are interested in learning about the performing arts sector alongside other fields of study, with a view to progressing to a wide range of higher education courses, not necessarily in performing arts. It is designed to be taken as part of a programme of study that includes other appropriate BTEC Nationals or A Levels.



Units

Pearson BTEC Level 3 National Extended Certificate in Performance (Dance)				
Unit Unit title		GLH	Туре	How assessed
	Mandatory units group A – learners complete and achieve both units			
3	Group Performance Workshop	120	Mandatory and Synoptic	External
34	Developing Skills and Techniques for Performance	60	Mandatory	Internal
	Optional units group – learners complete three units			
8	Classical Ballet Technique	60	Optional	Internal
9	Tap Dance Technique	60	Optional	Internal
10	Jazz Dance Technique	60	Optional	Internal
11	Street Dance Technique	60	Optional	Internal
12	Contemporary Dance Technique	60	Optional	Internal
13	Healthy Dancer	60	Optional	Internal
14	Choreography for Live Performance	60	Optional	Internal
21	Improvisation	60	Optional	Internal
22	Movement in Performance	60	Optional	Internal
26	Physical Theatre Techniques	60	Optional	Internal



Scenario

You are part of a professional dance company that has a reputation for creating dynamic and innovative new work through its use of improvisation techniques. The company creating an evening of new work culminating in a live group improvision which will be toured nationally. The theme of the show is 'New Beginnings'.

As a new member to the company, you will be required to develop your understanding and skills in improvisation and choreographic techniques. You will be solely responsible for creating one dance piece for the show as well as perform in the improvisation.

In order to develop your skills successfully, you will review your own development and application of choreographic and improvisational techniques as you explore this art form.



Learning aims

In this unit you will:

- Understand choreographic structures and devices
- Develop choreography techniques for performance
- Apply choreography techniques to a performance
- Review own development and final performance

Learning aim		Key content areas	Recommended assessment approach	
A	Understand choreographic structures and devices	A1 Explore choreographic devices and compositional structures A2 Practitioners	A report or presentation demonstrating knowledge and understanding of choreographic structures and devices with reference to examples of practitioners and practices.	
В	Develop choreography techniques for performance	B1 Select, explore and respond to stimulus/subject matter when developing choreographic techniques B2 Accompaniment for choreography B3 Relationship between movement and musical accompaniment	Recorded footage that demonstrates the development of choreography techniques for performance. Workshops and technique classes. Practical exploration and development work. Improvisations. Rehearsals.	
С	Apply choreography techniques to a performance	C1 Application of skills and techniques when developing performance and working with dancers C2 Performance	Self- and peer evaluation. Teacher observation records. Recording of activities in choreographer's logbook, video diary or blog. Final performance.	
D	Review own development and final performance	D1 Review and evaluate development and application of choreographic skills and techniques for performance	Performance log that reviews and evaluates the development and application of choreography techniques for performance, with reference to knowledge developed from learning aim A, presented using relevant techniques, for example digital, recorded.	

Choreographers/Practitioners you will study:

- Akram Khan
- Kenrick 'H20' Sandy
- Bob Fosse







What do you need to do?

For the 3 practitioners highlighted on the previous slide. Research the following information:

- Background information (when they were born, where did they train and in what styles, who were they influenced by etc...)
- 2. Pieces they've choreographed.
- 3. Key characteristics of their choreography (e.g. Bob Fosse use of gesture, isolation etc...)





Research Materials:

<u>Dance-Bob-Fosse-Year-13-Term-2.pdf</u>

BBC Four - BBC Young Dancer, 2019 - Kenrick Sandy

<u>AQA Minutes Template</u> (allsaintsacademydunstable.org)

About AKC - Akram Khan Company

AQA | Subject content | Critical engagement | Optional set works and areas of study

Unit 12 **Contemporary Dance Technique**



Learning aims

In this unit you will:

- Understand the development of contemporary dance
- Develop skills and techniques of contemporary dance
- Apply skills and techniques of contemporary dance to a performance
- Review personal development and own performance

Unit 12

Summary of unit

Learning aim		Key content areas	Recommended assessment approach	
A	Understand the development of contemporary dance	A1 Explore the origins and developments of contemporary dance	A report or presentation demonstrating knowledge of contemporary dance with reference to examples of practitioners past and present practices.	
В	Develop skills and techniques of contemporary dance	B1 Development of contemporary dance techniques B2 Relationship between contemporary dance techniques and music	Recorded footage that demonstrates the development and application of skills and techniques for contemporary dance for a performance (2-3 minutes).	
С	Apply skills and techniques of contemporary dance to a performance	C1 Application of contemporary dance techniques through rehearsal C2 Application of contemporary dance techniques through performance	Workshops and technique classes. Practical exploration and development work. Rehearsals. Self-and peer evaluation. Teacher observation records. Recording of activities in logbook, video diary or blog. Final performance.	
D	Review personal development and own performance	D1 Review and evaluate development of contemporary dance techniques D2 Review and evaluate application of contemporary dance techniques	Performance log that reviews and evaluates the development and application of skills and techniques in contemporary dance for performance, with reference to knowledge developed from learning aim A, presented using relevant techniques, such as digital, recorded.	

Pass	nss Merit		Distinction	
Learning aim A: Understand the development of contemporary dance			Evaluate the development of contemporary dance	
A.P1 Explain the development of contemporary dance practice through exploration.	A.M1 Analyse the development of contemporary dance practice through effective exploration comparing key features of practitioner performance styles.		practice through effective exploration comparing and contrasting well-chosen examples of practitioner performance styles to support findings.	
Learning aim B: Develop skills and techniques of contemporary dance				
B.P2 Demonstrate the development of contemporary dance techniques, physical and interpretative skills and musicality.	B.M2 Demonstrate effective selection and development of contemporary dance techniques, physical and interpretative skills, key features and musicality.	BC.D2	Demonstrate confident, disciplined and organised development	
Learning aim C: Apply skills and techniques of contemporary dance to a performance			and application of techniques, accurate physical and	
C.P3 Demonstrate application of contemporary dance techniques and interpretative skills during the rehearsal of a contemporary dance piece.	C.M3 Demonstrate effective selection, development and application of contemporary dance techniques, interpretative skills and musicality during the rehearsal		interpretative skills, key features and musicality in the performance of a contemporary dance piece.	
C.P4 Apply contemporary dance techniques and interpretative skills during the performance of a contemporary dance piece.	and performance of a contemporary dance piece.			
Learning aim D: Review personal development and own performance		D.D3	Evaluate own strengths and areas for improvement of	
D.P5 Explain own development of contemporary dance technique, strengths and areas for improvement. D.P6 Explain own application of contemporary dance technique in performance, strengths, and areas for improvement.	D.M4 Analyse own development and application of contemporary dance technique, setting targets to support progression and practice.		contemporary dance for performance through consistent review and reflection of the development of skills and techniques setting comprehensive targets to support progression and practice.	

What do you need to do?

- Research the list of contemporary practitioners on the worksheet to create a timeline of the development of contemporary technique overtime 1890 -current day
- Use the link to access the timeline.
- Pioneers of Contemporary Dance .docx
- See the example for a helping hand

<u>Pioneers of Contemporary Dance – Timeline Task</u>

Pioneers of	Who are/were they? What did they do? What were their main influences? Famous
contemporary dance	work?
& when they had	
the most influence	
Isadora Duncan - 1905	Isadora Duncan (1877-1927) was an American pioneer of dance. She is widely referred to as the "Mother of Modern Dance." self-styled and influenced by her life experiences, Greek mythology and art she moved from American to Europe and Russia, Duncan's work is known worldwide. Her most famous piece is 'the blue danube' which she performed with her own company in Budapest.
Ruth St. Denis - 1915	Ruth St. Denis (1879, 1968) was an American contemporary dancer who influenced almost <u>all of</u> American dance. She went on a successful three-year European tour show casing her work, most of her work has religious influences
Ted Shawn – 1915	Edwin Myers Shawn, (1891-1972) married Ruth St. Denis in 1914 after taking up dance as a form of rehabilitation for his paralysis. They founded <u>Denishawn</u> Company and School which changed the course of dance history, most of today's modern dancers trace back to <u>Denishawn</u> . It was Shawn who first recognized Martha Graham's potential.
Rudolf Laban – 1920	Rudolf Laban (1879-1958) is <u>an</u> Hungarian dancer. He is most famous for establishing choreology, the discipline of dance analysis, and invented a system of dance notation. He is considered a "founding father of expressionist dance", and a pioneer of modern dance. Labans ideas were influenced by the social and cultural changes of the 1920s.
	Martha Graham (1894-1991) was the lead practitioner for contemporary dance during this time



Research Materials:

The Journey of Contemporary Dance: Past to Present - LiveTheDance is a dance blog - Guides, Reviews, Tips for Dancers

What Is Contemporary Dance? A History of Contemporary Dance - 2024 -

MasterClassContemporary Dance History and Origins (dancefacts.net)

You could also search each practitioners website, database or key facts